Programme specification 2014/15



SOAS, University of London

The following information forms the programme specification at SOAS, University of London. It gives definitive information relating to a programme of study and is written for a public audience, particularly prospective and current students. It is also used for other purposes such as initial programme approval, and is therefore produced at the start of the programme development process. Once approved, it forms the base-line information for all statements relating to the programme and is updated as approved amendments are made.

CORE INFORMATION

Programme title	Economics
Final award	BSc Honours
Intermediate awards	N/A
Mode of attendance	Full time
UCAS code	N/A
Professional body accreditation	N/A
Date specification created/updated	December 2013

WHY CHOOSE THIS PROGRAMME?

Why study at SOAS?	SOAS is unique as the only higher
	education institution in the UK
	specialising in the study of Africa, Asia
	and the Middle East. The School also has
	the largest concentration of specialist
	faculty concerned with the study of these
	areas at any university in the world.
	SOAS is consistently ranked among the
	top higher education institutions in the
	UK and the world and it also offers a
	friendly, vibrant environment for students
	in a diverse and close-knit community.
	Click here for more information.
What is special about this programme?	This programme provides a thorough
	grounding in general economic theory
	and analysis as well as very good
	knowledge of econometrics and
	quantitative techniques. In addition,
	students have the opportunity to pursue
	interests and to develop expertise in the
	economics of developing countries as
	well as the economics of particular
	regions such as Japan or the Middle East.
	The programme also enables students to
	explore economics from a broader
	methodological standpoint, taking into

account statistical, political and historical factors and approaches.

The Department of Economics is one of the country's leading departments specialising in the economics of growth and development as well as in Political Economy and heterodox approaches to Economics. Research is pursued on a variety of topics and is unique in its depth and range of regional coverage. The Department's strengths are recognised internationally and, as a consequence, it has received large amounts of funding for its teaching and research activities from a number of organisations, including the **Swedish International Development** Authority; the Department for International Development; the Economic and Social Research Council; the World Bank; the Nuffield Foundation; and the Leverhulme Trust

Who would it suit?

This programme is designed for general economists, as well as those who, in addition wish to develop regional interests or an interest in development economics in more depth than is usually the case for generalist economics undergraduate degrees. Because of its broad methodological focus, the programme is perfect for students who want to study economics in the round rather than only through the narrow lens of mathematical methods in economics.

Graduates from the Department have pursued a variety of successful careers, often with Asian or African links, in international organisations, business and industry, banking, accountancy, journalism, consultancy, teaching and higher education. Many have gone on to read for postgraduate degrees either in the Department's own thriving masters' and research degree programmes or elsewhere.

Programme structure

Students take 4 units per year, completing a total of 12 units in 3 years. They have some flexibility in constructing their own programme of study.

Year 1: Students take 3 introductory units: One in economic theory, one in quantitative techniques and one in contemporary growth dynamics in the global economy with emphasis on developing economies. Students are allocated to two different entry-level courses in quantitative techniques, one for students without A-level mathematics and the other for students with A-level mathematics. As their fourth course unit, students chose one "open option" (i.e. a course in a subject or language other than those named in the student's chosen degree title).

Year 2: Students take 2 core units in economic theory - one in microeconomic analysis and one in macroeconomic analysis – together with a more advanced core course in quantitative methods or econometrics, depending on which entrylevel course they were allocated to in year 1 of their degree studies. For their fourth course unit, students chose one of three 2nd year optional courses in specialised areas of economic theorising, an 'open option' or an intercollegiate course.

Year 3: Students chose 4 course units from a wide range of advanced optional courses in specialised areas of general economic theory, policy and methods, as well as in regional economic development. Econometrics is a core course unit for all students who have not already taken this course in year 2 (for example, because they were admitted without A-level mathematics, and therefore had to take two, rather than only one, general quantitative methods courses in years 1 and 2).

Out of the advanced optional courses available, BSc Economics students can

	take no more than a maximum of two regional economic development economics courses. An open option or an intercollegiate course may also be taken.
Assessment summary	The majority of courses within Economics are assessed by a three hour exam in May/June and two assessed essays for which the word limit is 2.500 words.

ENTRY REQUIREMENTS

SOAS has general minimum entrance requirements for registration for a undergraduate taught degree and these can be viewed at http://www.soas.ac.uk/admissions/pg/howtoapply/

- **A Levels**: AAA (if one of these is not Mathematics, candidates should have at least a B in GCSE Mathematics)
- IB: 38 (7/6/6)BTEC: DDD
- Scottish Highers: AAAAA
- Scottish Advanced Highers: AAA
- Irish LC: 360 points from 5 Higher level subjects at grade C1 or above
 Advanced Placement: 4 5 5 (Two semesters UCAS Group A) plus US HSGD with GPA 3.0

Euro Bacc: 85%
French Bacc: 15/20
German Abitur: 1.5
Italy DES: 85/100
Austria Mat: 1.5
Polish Mat: 80%

PROGRAMME AIMS

What will this programme give the student an opportunity to achieve?

- A thorough grounding in economic theory and quantitative techniques, permitting them to take up employment as economists in the private and public sectors, or proceed to a masters programme in Economics
- An understanding of issues in economic development
- An introduction to the economics of a particular region of Asia or Africa, including the Middle East
- The opportunity to explore heterodox economic theories with world experts
- The ability to combine economics with introductions to other disciplines taught in SOAS

PROGRAMME LEARNING OUTCOMES

What will the student learn?

Knowledge

- A good understanding of modern economic theory.
- A good understanding of quantitative techniques and mathematical methods.
- Advanced training in important branches of theoretical and applied economics and economic policy debate (depending on optional course choices).
- An appreciation of the special problems of developing countries of Asia, Africa and the Middle East.

Intellectual (thinking) skills

- An appreciation of both orthodox and heterodox economic theories, and their various implications for economic policy design and economic growth and development.
- The ability to use arguments from different schools of economic analysis to study important topics in applied economics.
- The ability to develop coherent and logical economic arguments.
- An understanding of the uses and misuses of quantitative analysis in economic research.
- The ability to take a global, rather than narrowly US- and Eurocentric, approach to the analysis of key economic issues.

Subject-based practical skills

- The ability to present coherent economic arguments orally and in writing.
- The ability to locate economic literature quickly from both monographs and journals, making full use of the internet.
- Familiarity with important international publications and data sources including World Bank, IMF, OECD and UN databases.
- The ability to use standard computer packages to analyse data and present the results of such analysis in tabular and graphical form.

Transferable skills

- The ability to analyse and evaluate competing theoretical claims and their policy implications.
- The ability to communicate with clarity and precision orally and in writing.
- The ability to locate and synthesize relevant information from a wide variety of sources.
- The skills necessary for independent research.
- Effective time management and self-organisation.
- The ability to test their ideas in discussion.
- Graphical, representational skills, and numeracy.
- The ability to summarise and interpret statistical information, data and tables.

PROGRAMME STRUCTURE AND REQUIREMENTS FOR GAINING AN AWARD

How will the student's study be structured? How will they achieve an award?

Structure, duration and requirements for gaining an award

SOAS has standard requirements relating to the structure and duration of taught undergraduate programmes and for the award and classification of these programmes. Details can be found at

http://www.soas.ac.uk/registry/degreeregulations/

Programme structure diagramBelow is a structure diagram for this programme.

Level	Year	Course	Course title	Cred	Status	Notes
	of study	code		it		
4	1	153400003	Introduction to Economic Analysis	30	Core	
		I	AND EITHER			
4	1	153400120	Quantitative Methods for Economists	30	Core	Open ONLY to those WITHOUT A-level Maths or equivalent
		T	OR	T		T
4	1	153400121	Quantitative Methods for Economists	30	Core	Open ONLY to those WITH A-level Maths or equivalent
		·	AND			
4	1	153400107	Comparative Growth in Asia and Africa	30	Core	
	,	T	AND	T	_	
4	1	Various	An open option from another department in SOAS			
5	2	tbd	Microeconomic Analysis	30	Core	Students must have passed their first year core courses
5	2	tbd	Macroeconomic Analysis	30	Core	Students must have passed their first year core courses
			AND EITHER			
5	2	153400121	Quantitative Methods for Economists	30	Core	ONLY if not taken in year 1 Pre-requisite: 153400120

		1				
			OR			
5	2	153400103	Econometrics	30	Core	Pre-requisite 153400121
		AND ONE	OF THE FOLLO	WING	:	
5	2	TBC	Issues in Development Economics	30	Optional	Can also be taken in year 3 as an optional course, if not already taken in year 2
5	2	153400100	Banking and Finance	30	Optional	Can also be taken in year 3 as an optional course, if not already taken in year 2
5	2	153400106	International Economics	30	Optional	Can also be taken in year 3 as an optional course, if not already taken in year 2
5	2	Various	An open option from another department in SOAS		Optional	
5	2	Various	An intercollegiate course	30	Optional	
6	3	153400103	Econometrics	30	Core	ONLY if not taken in year 2. Pre-requisite: 153400121
			OR FOUR OF T	1	1	
6	3	153400119	Applied Econometrics	30	Optional	Pre- requisite: 153400103
6	3	tbd	Advanced Mathematical Methods	30	Optional	Pre-requisite: 153400121
6	3	tbd	Environmental	30	Optional	

			Economics			
6	3	tbd	Global Economic	30	Optional	
6	3	tbd	Policy Gender Economics	30	Optional	
6	3	tbd	Labour Economics	30	Optional	
6	3	153400101	Economic Development of Africa	30	Optional	No more than a maximum of two regional economics development courses can be taken
6	3	153400025	Economic Development of Modern China	30	Optional	No more than a maximum of two regional economics development courses can be taken
6	3	153400031	Economic Development of the Modern Middle East	30	Optional	No more than a maximum of two regional economics development courses can be taken
6	3	153400013	Economic Development of Japan since 1868	30	Optional	No more than a maximum of two regional economics development courses can be taken
6	3	153400012	Economic Development of South East Asia	30	Optional	No more than a maximum of two regional economics development courses can be taken
6	3	153400011	Economic Development of	30	Optional	No more than a

			South Asia			maximum of two regional economics development courses can be taken
6	3	153400114	Independent Study Project in Economics	30	Optional	An average mark of 65% or more in year 2 is required
6	3	Various	An open option from another department in SOAS		Optional	
6	3	Various	An intercollegiate course	30	Optional	

For BSc Economics students, pre-requisites have been specified explicitly only for quantitative courses. For all other courses, "pre-requisites" follow logically from the core course structure in years 1 and 2, since higher level courses, whether core or optional cannot be taken unless lower-level core courses have been completed successfully.

The entry requirements for UG economics second and third year courses as open option courses for students from other departments are as follows:

In order to take	Students should also have taken or provide evidence of equivalence to course convenors for:
Macroeconomic Analysis	Introduction to Economic Analysis
Microeconomic Analysis	Introduction to Economic Analysis
Issues in Economic Development	Introduction to Economic Analysis and/or Comparative Growth in Asia and Africa
International Economics	Introduction to Economic Analysis
Banking and Finance	Introduction to Economic Analysis
Environmental Economics	Macroeconomic Analysis and/or
	Microeconomic Analysis
Global Economic Policy	Macroeconomic Analysis and/or
	Microeconomic Analysis
Gender Economics	Macroeconomic Analysis and/or
	Microeconomic Analysis
Labour Economics	Macroeconomic Analysis and/or
	Microeconomic Analysis
Economic Development of Africa	Macroeconomic Analysis and/or
	Microeconomic Analysis
Economic Development of Modern China	Macroeconomic Analysis and/or
	Microeconomic Analysis

Economic Development of the Modern	Macroeconomic Analysis and/or
Middle East	Microeconomic Analysis
Economic Development of Japan since	Macroeconomic Analysis and/or
1968	Microeconomic Analysis
Economic Development of Southeast	Macroeconomic Analysis and/or
Asia	Microeconomic Analysis
Economic Development of South Asia	Macroeconomic Analysis and/or
	Microeconomic Analysis

The availability of optional/elective courses may vary in a given academic session due to factors such as staff absence and student numbers. For an up to date list of courses running in a given academic session please refer to the degree structures as listed on the SOAS website for the degree programmes taught by each Department.

PLEASE ALSO SEE SUMMARY OVERVIEW OVER OLD AND NEW PROGRAMME STRUCTURES AT THE END OF THIS DOCUMENT.

TEACHING, LEARNING AND ASSESSMENT

What methods will be used to achieve the learning outcomes?

Knowledge

- The understanding of modern economic theory is gained through core courses in economic theory and analysis (micro- and macroeconomics)
- The grounding in quantitative techniques is gained from core quantitative methods courses
- Training in applied economics and economic policy debate is gained through second and third year optional courses
- The appreciation of the special problems of developing countries in Asia, Africa and the Middle East is gained through a core course in comparative growth dynamics in the global economy, with emphasis on Asia and Africa, in year 1 and optional courses in regional economic development in year 3.

Intellectual (thinking) skills

- The appreciation of orthodox and heterodox economic theory, and the ability to use different schools of economic argument, and the ability to develop coherent and logical economic argument are all gained as students progress from elementary courses to advanced courses and refine their intellectual understanding of the development of modern economic analysis and development economics. Students are encouraged to explore different schools of thought and how these schools relate to one another. Students are also encouraged to take a critical approach to the work of international regulatory and development agencies and to the policy advice they offer.
- The introductory understanding of the uses and misuses of quantitative analysis is gained by students taking compulsory quantitative methods courses.
- The ability to take a global approach is gained by the opportunity for students to take optional courses in international economics, global economic policy, development economics, a range of regionally focussed course, as well as from lecturers' own research focuses.

Subject-based practical skills

- The ability to present coherent economic arguments orally and in writing is gained from assistance to students to make clear and concise oral presentations in tutorials, as well as detailed feedback on written work.
- The ability to locate economic literatures and familiarity with international publications/data sources is gained by academics encouraging students to read widely and make full use of the SOAS and other University of London libraries rather than simply relying on set texts and key readings. Students are also offered library training in the SOAS library (a national research library)
- The ability to use standard computer packages to analyse data is gained through tutor assistance to students, including tutorials in computer labs for some courses.

Transferable skills

- Assess the validity of arguments and make judgements on complex situations, in particular in essays and presentations.
- Write and speak with clarity and concision by setting clear guidelines and giving detailed feedback to essays and presentations from year 1 onward;
- Use a variety of sources as research materials in their essays, oral presentations
- Students can choose to do an independent study project allowing students to write on quite original topics using materials that no one has used before;
- Work to deadlines, with clear deadlines for essays and penalty for late submission.
- Develop self-reflexiveness through classroom discussion, feedback on essays and presentations, and course assessment.
- Acquisition of graphical, representational skills, and numeracy through weekly quantitative courses.
- Acquisition of ability to summarise and interpret statistical information, data and tables through quantitative courses.

Assessment of all of these will be through exams and assessed coursework in each course and the opportunity to undertake an independent study project.

REFERENCE POINTS

What has been the basis for the design of this programme?

- 1. School learning and teaching strategy
- 2. QAA framework for higher education qualifications
- 3. QAA subject benchmark statement Economics (2007)
- 4. Staff research and lessons of consultancies and other practical development work done by core course teaching staff for government and international organizations in relevant fields.
- 5. Student feedback
- 6. SOAS centennial mission statement

QUALITY ASSURANCE AND ENHANCEMENT

SOAS has internal procedures to assure the quality of provision to be offered to students and to enhance the quality in the light of experience following delivery, taking into account the input of external experts and students. The procedures are set out in the School's Quality Assurance Handbook and can be viewed at http://www.soas.ac.uk/add/qualityassurance/quality-assurance-handbook/.

SOAS is also subject to periodic external review from bodies such as the Quality Assurance Agency for Higher Education and relevant professional and statutory regulatory bodies.

The procedures described in the Quality Assurance Handbook are in place to provide a high quality student experience for those choosing to study at SOAS, and student input and evaluation of their experiences is greatly valued. Students make an input to the ongoing development of their programmes, and the environment in which they operate, in a number of ways, including:

- formal student evaluation as part of the annual programme review;
- student representation on School committees at various levels (through the Students' Union) where many relevant issues are discussed;
- student representation at regular departmental meetings

FURTHER INFORMATION

Add in links to other relevant information, both internal and external, including:

- SOAS Vision and Strategy Statement;
- <u>Undergraduate</u> and <u>Postgraduate</u> Handbooks;
- Quality Assurance Handbook;
- UCAS website;
- QAA website;
- Departmental website
- Programme webpages

SUMMARY OVERVIEW: BSc Economics – New Programme structure 2014/15

YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3
Introduction to Economic Analysis *	Microeconomic Analysis *	Econometrics* (if not taken in year 2)
IQM* or QME*	Macroeconomic Analysis *	
Comparative Growth in Asia and Africa*	QME ¹ * or Econometrics ² *	
An open option		
	Plus any ONE of the following:	Plus any THREE/ FOUR of the following:
	Issues in Development Economics	Issues in Economic Development (if not taken in
	Banking and Finance	year 2)
	International Economics	Banking and Finance (if not taken in year 2)
	One open option or intercollegiate course	International Economics (if not taken in year 2)
		Advanced Mathematical Methods ²
		Applied Econometrics ³
		Environmental Economics
		Global Economic Policy
		Gender Economics
		Labour Economics
		Economic Development of Africa
		Economic Development of Modern China
		Economic Development of the Modern Middle
		East
		Economic Development of Japan since 1868
		Economic Development of Southeast Asia
		Economic Development of South Asia
		Independent Study Project
		One open option or intercollegiate course

^{*)} Core courses: Must be taken and passed ¹⁾ Prerequisite: IQM ²⁾ Prerequisite: QME ³⁾ Prerequisite: Econometrics **Note:**

No student may take any first year or introductory open option or intercollegiate course in year 3 of the degree.

No student may take more than ONE open option course in each year of the degree.

The maximum allowed number of intercollegiate courses is two: No more than one intercollegiate course may be taken in years 2 and 3 of the degree, and no intercollegiate courses are allowed in year 1 of the degree.

No student may take more than two regional development courses in year 3 of the degree.

SUMMARY OVERVIEW: BSc Economics – Old programme structure 2013/14

YEAR 1 YEAR 2 YEAR 3

Introduction to Economic Analysis (153400003)*

Intermediate Economic Analysis (153400107)* (1) and (2) or (3)

Advanced Economic Analysis (153400108) (5)**

AND

AND

AND

Introduction to Quantitative Methods for Economists (153400120) (open ONLY to those WITHOUT 'A' level maths or equivalent)*

Quantitative Methods for Economists (153400121) *(2) OR

Econometrics (153400103) (3) * (core for those who did not take it in year 2)

OR

Econometrics (153400103)* (3)

AND

AND

Quantitative Methods for Economists (153400121) (open ONLY to those WITH 'A' level maths or equivalent)*

Economics of Developing Countries

AND

1(153400032)**

Comparative Growth in Asia and Africa (153400102)** And one open option from another SOAS department

ALSO ONE of the following may be taken: Banking and Finance (153400100) Foreign Trade and Development (153400106) Or an open option

Two or three units from the following**: Economic Development of Africa (153400101) (4) Economic Development of Modern China (153400025) (4) Economic Development of the Modern Middle East (153400031)(4) Economic Development of Japan since 1868 (153400013)(4)

Economic Development of SE Asia (153400012) (4) Economic Development of South Asia (153400011) (4) Economics of Developing Countries 2 (153400109) (6) Applied Econometric Techniques (153400119) (7) ISP (153400114) (8)

* Core courses

(5) Intermediate Economic Analysis is a prerequisite

- ** Compulsory courses (6) EDC1 is a prerequisite
- (1) Introduction to Economic Analysis is a prerequisite
- (2) IQM is a prerequisite (7) Econometrics is a prerequisite
- (3) QME is a prerequisite(8) An average mark of 65% or more in year 2 results is required
- (4) EDC1 or Intermediate Economic Analysis is a prerequisite

Students may take regional courses relating to no more than two regions in their final year. Students CANNOT choose WITHOUT the prior an OPEN OPTION in their final year approval of the Associate Dean [15]